

HW18E: 2bdh, 3ad, 4cd, 6

2b.) $x^3 e^{-x}$ $u = x^3$ $v = e^{-x}$ $\therefore \boxed{3x^2 e^{-x} - x^3 e^{-x}}$
 $u' = 3x^2$ $v' = -e^{-x}$

2d.) $\frac{x}{e^x}$ $u = x$ $v = e^x$ $\therefore \frac{e^x - x e^x}{(e^x)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{e^x(1-x)}{e^{2x}} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1-x}{e^x}}$
 $u' = 1$ $v' = e^x$

2h.) $\frac{e^x + 2}{e^{-x} + 1}$ $u = e^x + 2$ $v = e^{-x} + 1$ $\therefore \frac{e^x(e^{-x} + 1) + e^{-x}(e^x + 2)}{(e^{-x} + 1)^2}$
 $u' = e^x$ $v' = -e^{-x}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{e^0 + e^x + e^0 + 2e^{-x}}{(e^{-x} + 1)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1 + e^x + 1 + 2e^{-x}}{(e^{-x} + 1)^2}$
 $\boxed{\frac{2 + e^x + 2e^{-x}}{(e^{-x} + 1)^2}}$

3a.) $(2 + e^x)^4$ $y = u^4$ $u = 2 + e^x$ $\therefore \boxed{4e^x(2 + e^x)^3}$
 $y' = 4u^3$ $u' = e^x$

3d.) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{e^{2x} + 2}}$ $y = u^{-1/2}$ $u = e^{2x} + 2$ $\therefore \frac{-2e^{2x}}{2(e^{2x} + 2)^{3/2}} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{-e^{2x}}{(e^{2x} + 2)^{3/2}}}$
 $y' = -\frac{1}{2} u^{-3/2}$ $u' = 2e^{2x}$

4c.) $y = \sqrt{e^{2x} + 10}$ at $x = \ln 3$ $y = u^{1/2}$ $u = e^{2x} + 10$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2e^{2x}}{2\sqrt{e^{2x} + 10}} = \frac{e^{2x}}{\sqrt{e^{2x} + 10}}$ $y' = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{u}}$ $u' = 2e^{2x}$
 $\therefore \frac{e^{2(\ln 3)}}{\sqrt{e^{2(\ln 3)} + 10}} = \frac{e^{\ln 3^2}}{\sqrt{e^{\ln 3^2} + 10}} = \frac{e^{\ln 9}}{\sqrt{e^{\ln 9} + 10}} = \frac{9}{\sqrt{9 + 10}} = \boxed{\frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}}$

4d.) $y = \frac{2-x}{e^{3x}}$ at $x = 1$ $u = 2-x$ $v = e^{3x}$ $y' = \frac{-e^{3x} - 3e^{3x}(2-x)}{(e^{3x})^2}$
 $u' = -1$ $v' = 3e^{3x}$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{-e^3 - 3e^3(2-1)}{(e^3)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{-e^3 - 3e^3}{e^6} \Rightarrow \frac{-4e^3}{e^6} = \boxed{\frac{-4}{e^3}}$

6.) $f(x) = e^{kx} + x$ $f'(0) = -8$, find k .
 $f'(x) = k e^{kx} + 1$ $\therefore -8 = k + 1 \rightarrow \boxed{k = -9}$